

14.33 Find $v_o(t)$, for $t > 0$, in the network in Fig. P14.33.

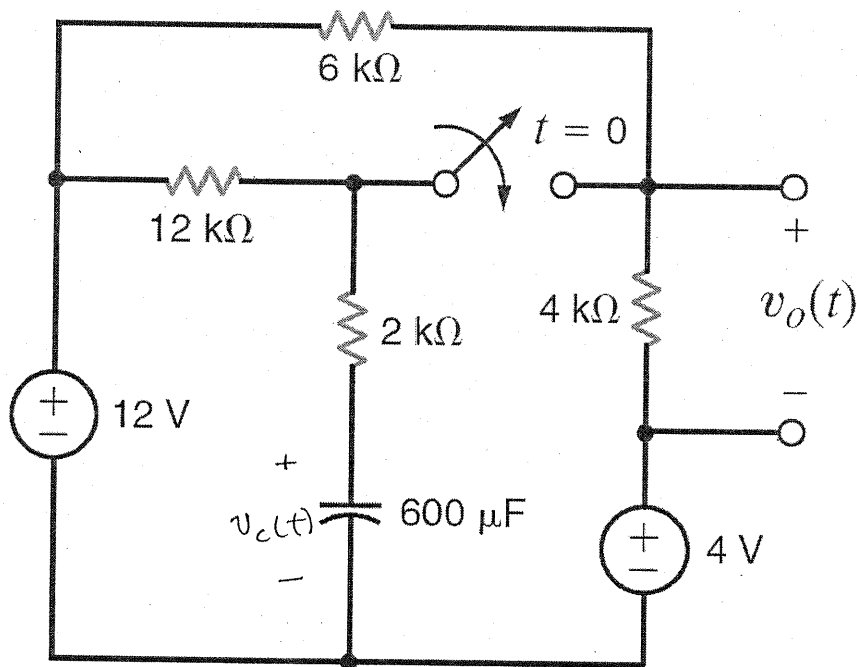
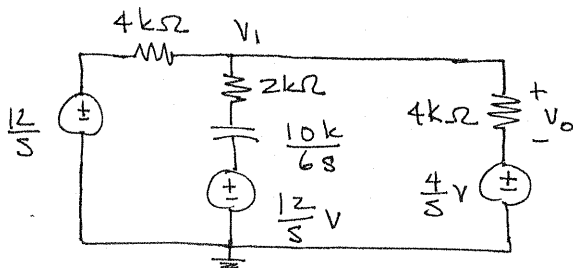


Figure P14.33

SOLUTION: $v_c(0^-) = 12\text{V}$

$t=0^+$ ($12\text{k}\Omega$ & $6\text{k}\Omega$ in parallel!)



$$V_o = V_1 - \frac{4}{s} = \frac{72s + 20}{s(12s + 5)}$$

$$V_o = \frac{(72s + 20)/12}{s(s + 5/12)} = \frac{4}{s} + \frac{2}{s + 5/12}$$

$$\frac{V_1 - 12/s}{4 \times 10^3} + \frac{V_1 - 12/s}{(2 + \frac{10}{6s}) \times 10^3} + \frac{V_1 - 4/s}{4 \times 10^3} = 0$$

$$\text{or, } \frac{V_1}{4} + \frac{V_1}{2 + \frac{10}{6s}} + \frac{V_1}{4} = \frac{3}{s} + \frac{1}{s} + \frac{12}{s(2 + \frac{10}{6s})}$$

$$V_1 \left[\frac{12s + 5}{12s + 10} \right] = \frac{120s + 40}{s(12s + 10)}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{120s + 40}{s(12s + 5)}$$

$$v_o(t) = \left[4 + 2e^{-(5/12)t} \right] u(t) \text{ V}$$